

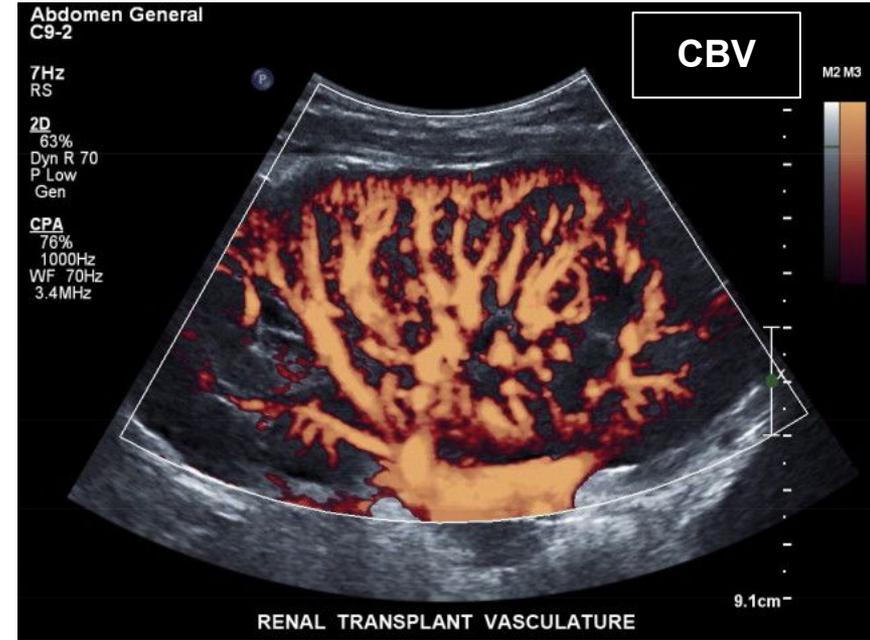
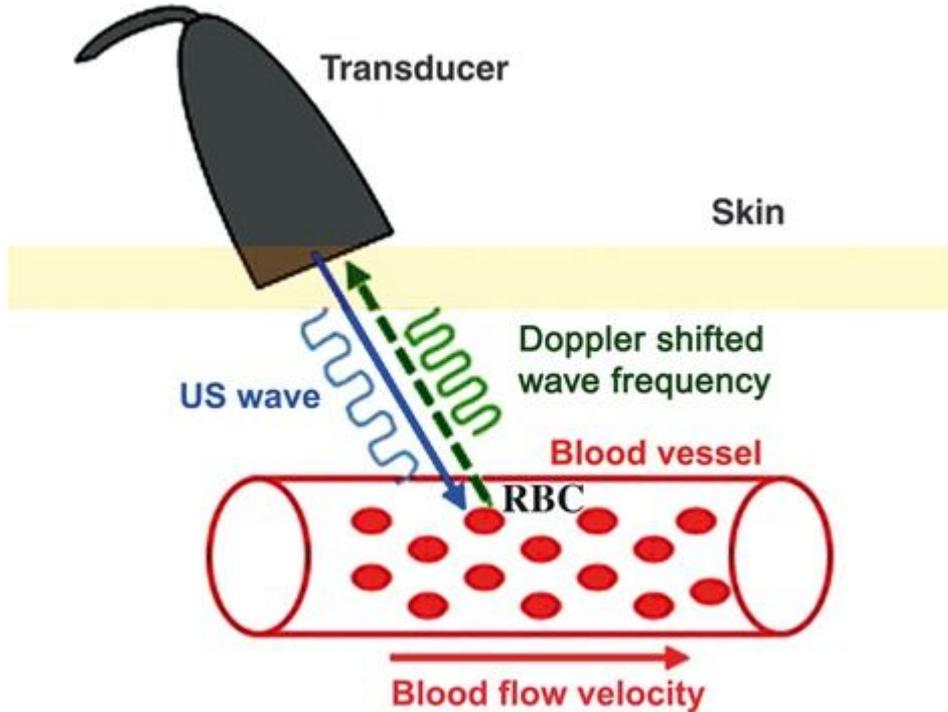
Análisis del flujo vascular cerebral en ratones por Doppler Ultrasonónico Ultrarrápido

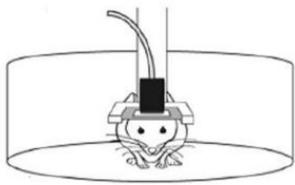
Maximiliano Anzibar Fialho

Física No Lineal - Laboratorio de Acústica Ultrasonora

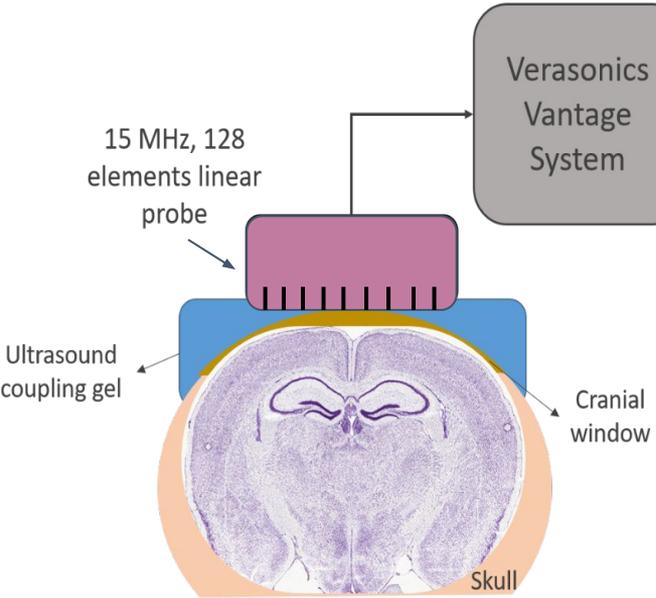


¿Qué es una imagen Doppler?



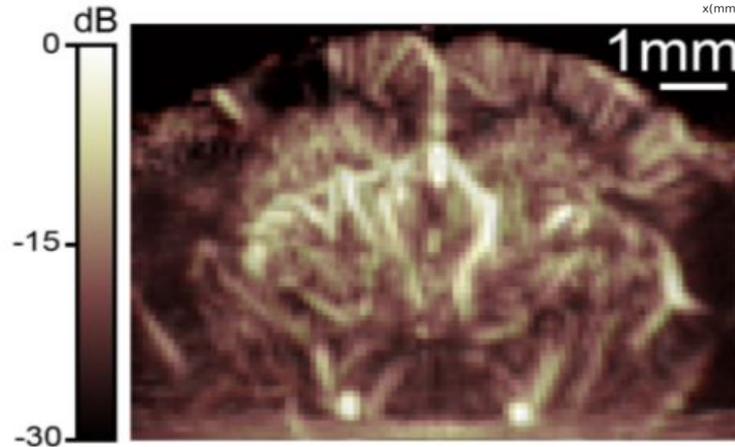
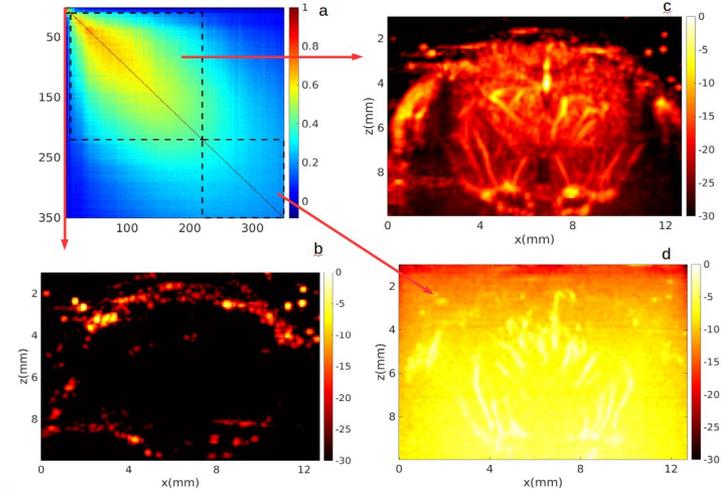


Doppler ultrarrápido

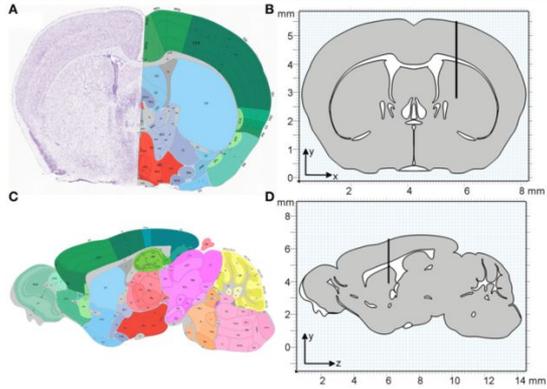


Doppler sequence:
 350 compound images
 Tilted plane wave
 (-6°, -2°, 2°, 6°)
 PRF = 500 Hz

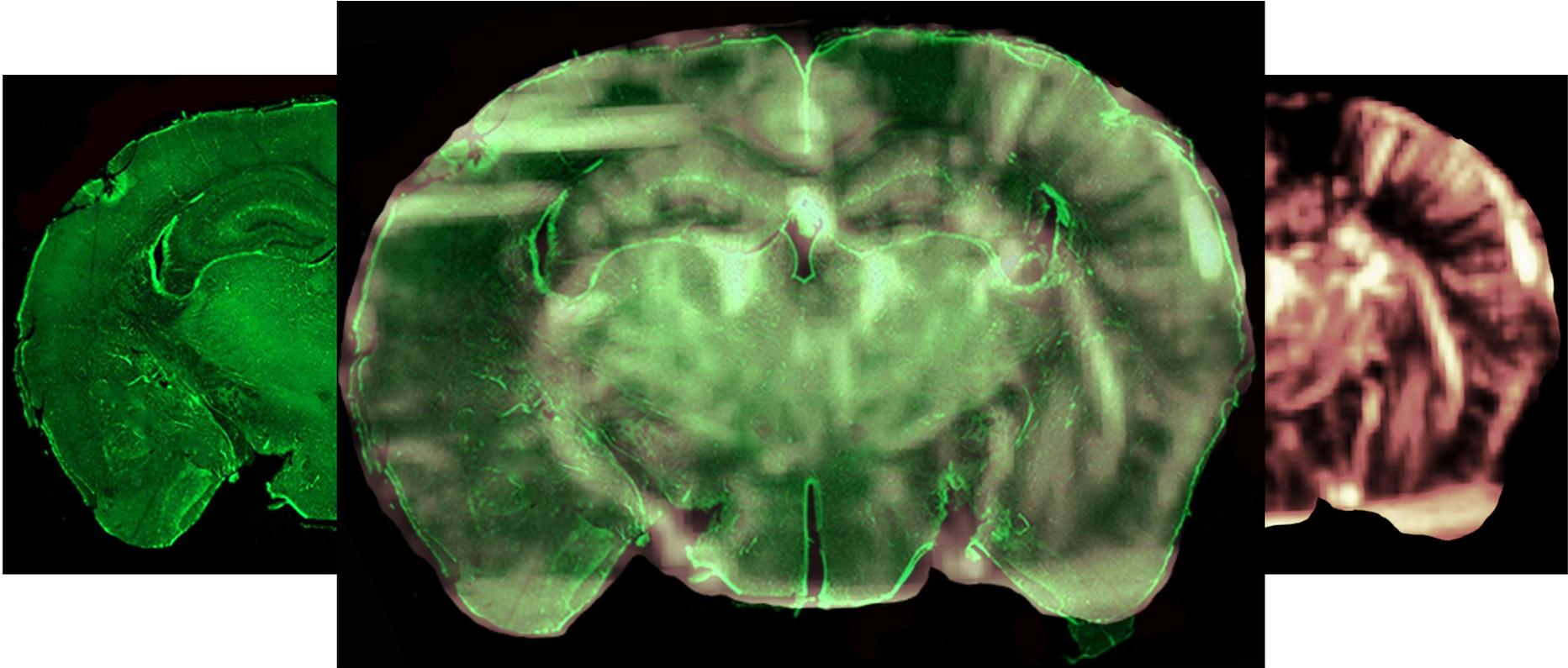
SVD clutter filtering
 +
 averaging



Doppler ultrarrápido - eje anteroposterior

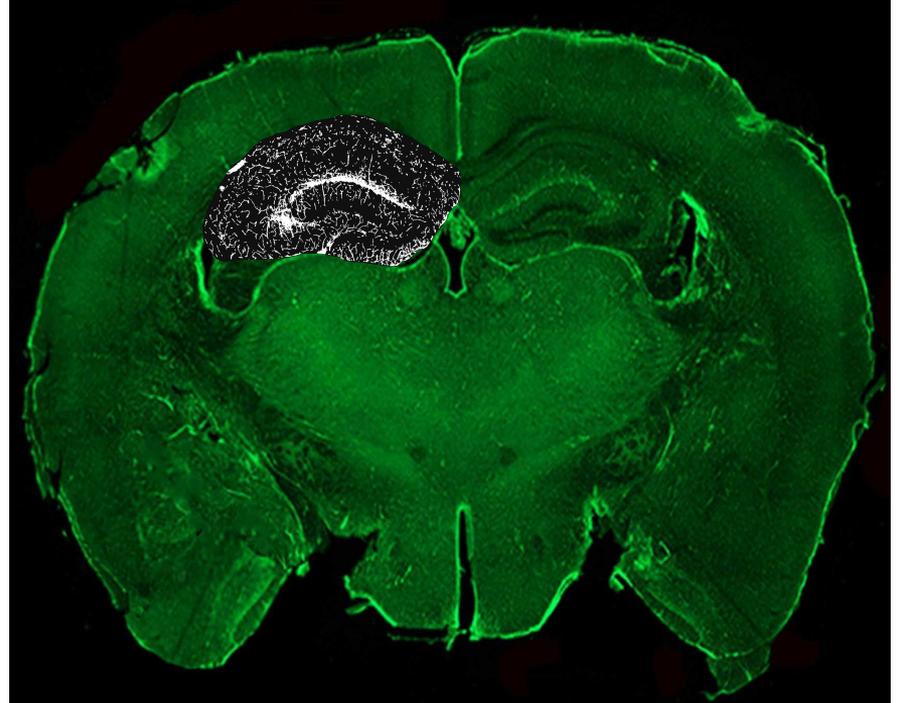
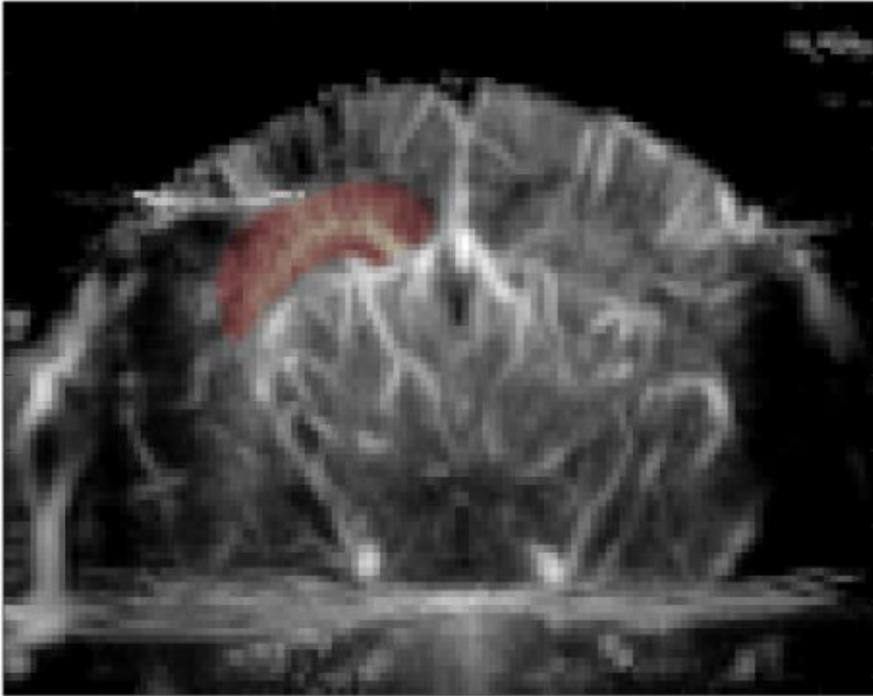


Doppler ultrarrápido vs Microscopía Confocal

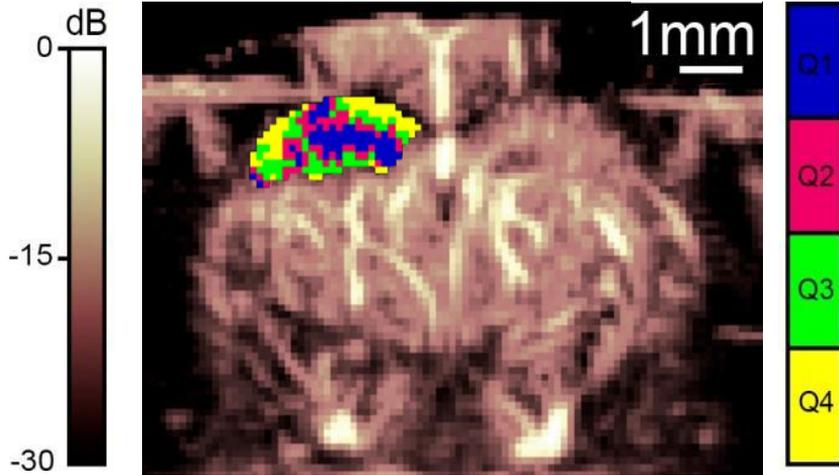


Estudio vascular del hipocampo

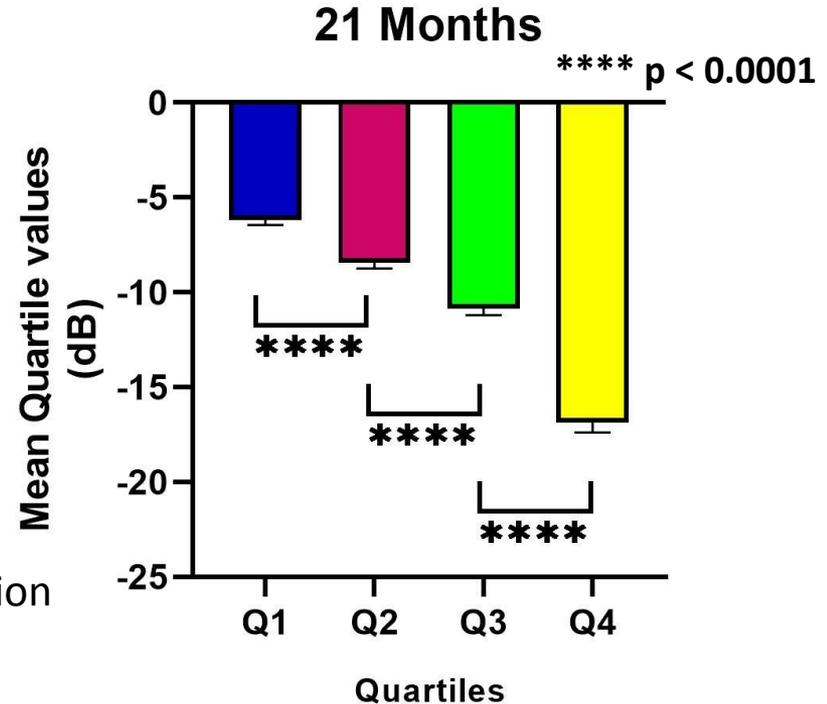
- Importancia en la consolidación de la memoria y el aprendizaje
- Actividad neurogénica adulta en mamíferos



Doppler ultrarrápido

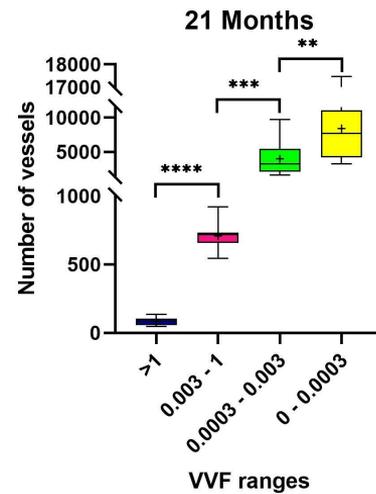
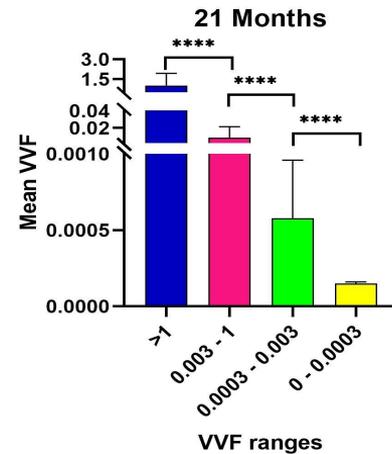
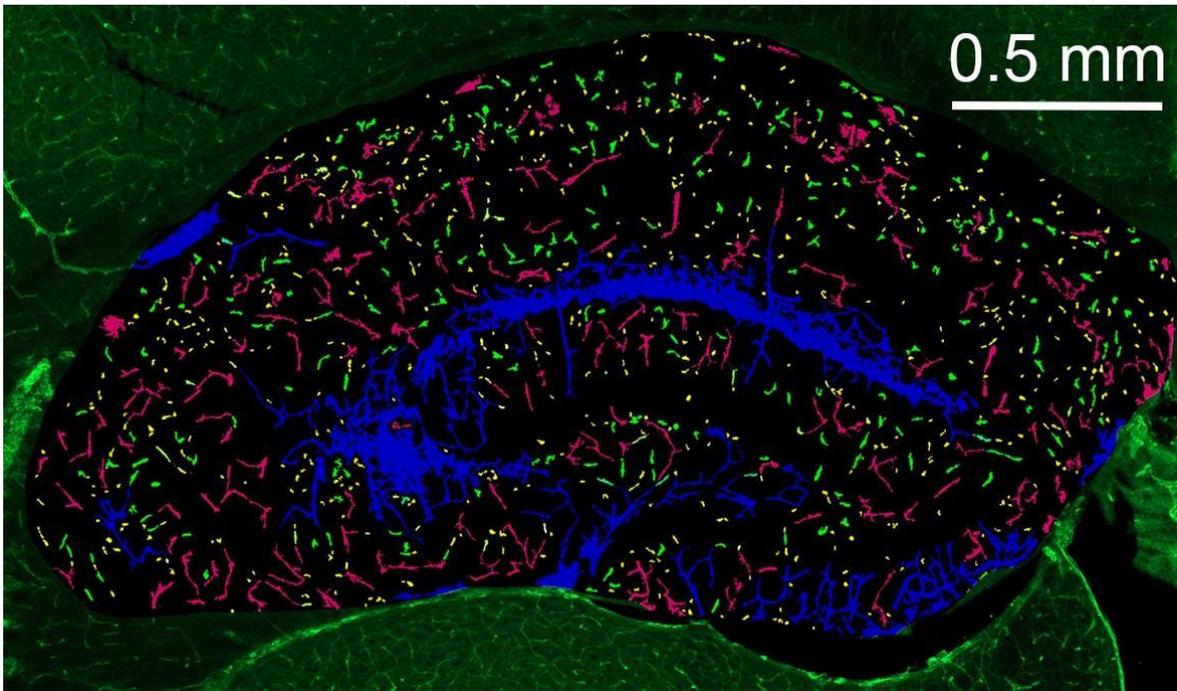


- 0 < **Blue** < Q1 = -6 dB ↔ 25% of intensity distribution
- Q1 < **Fuchsia** < Q2 = -8 dB
- Q2 < **Green** < Q3 = -10 dB
- Q3 < **Yellow** < Q4 = -17 dB



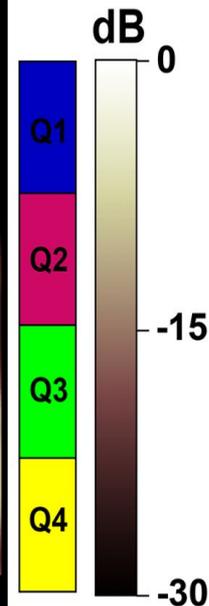
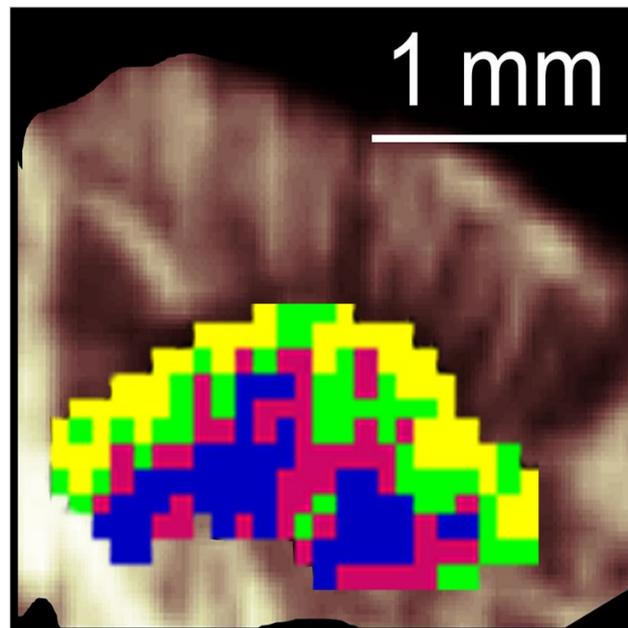
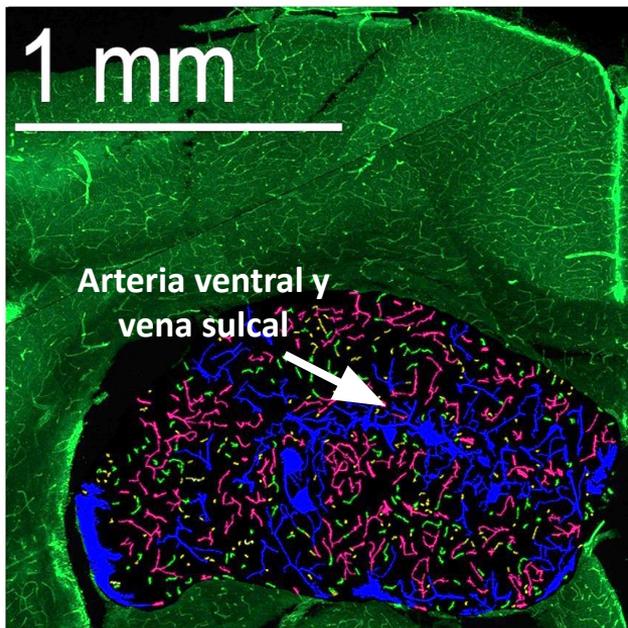
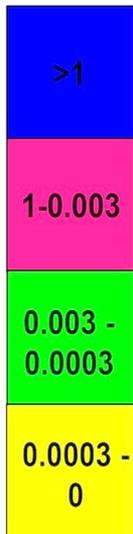


Microscopía confocal



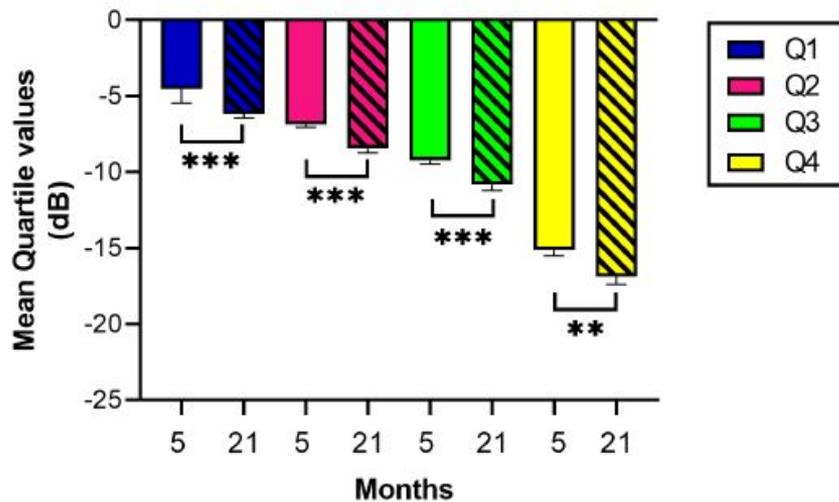
Estructura vascular vs Flujo sanguíneo

VVF Ranges

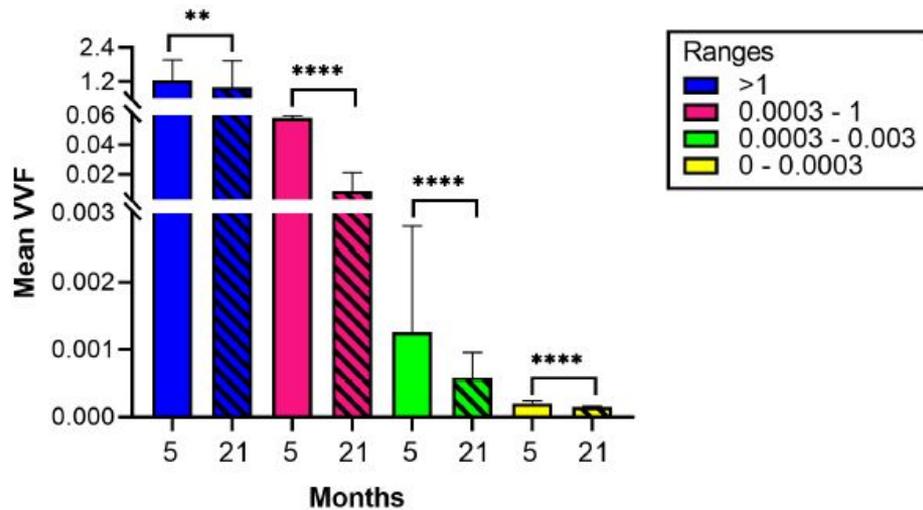


Diferencias debido al envejecimiento

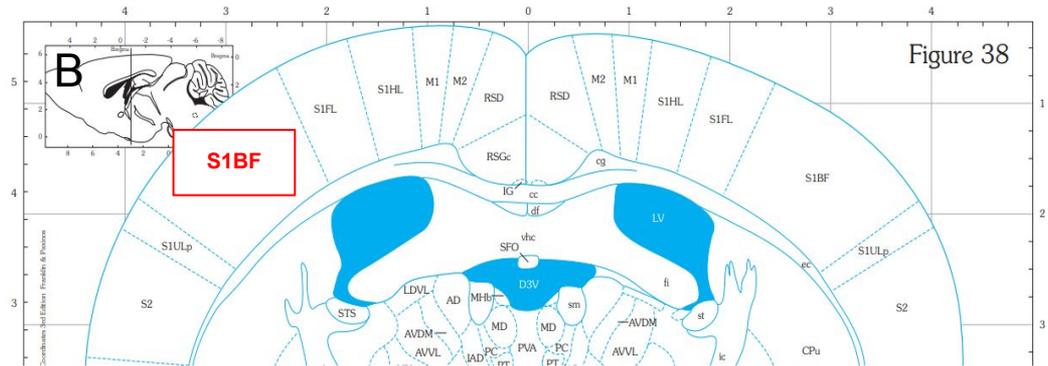
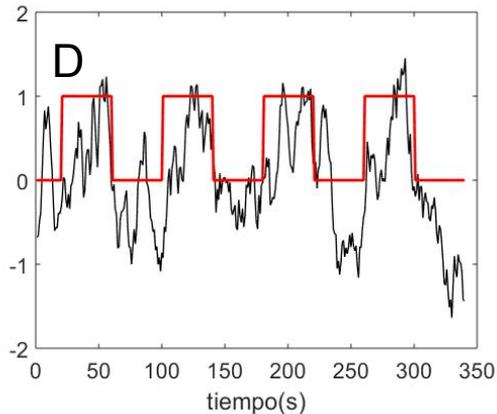
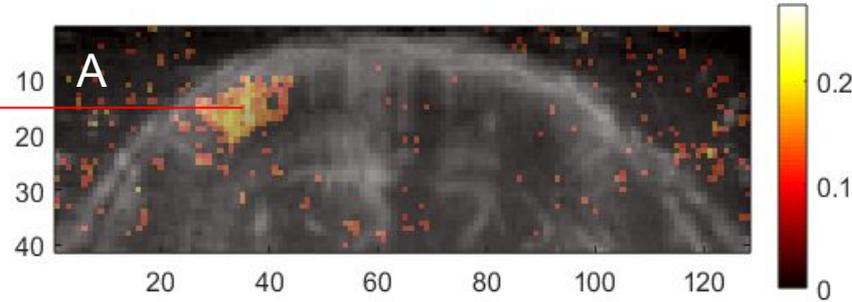
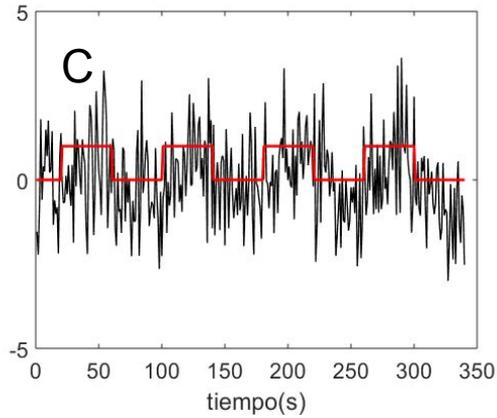
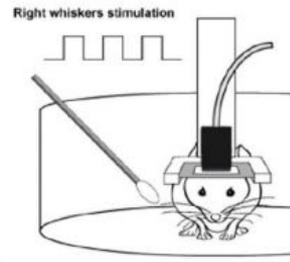
Doppler



Microscopía confocal

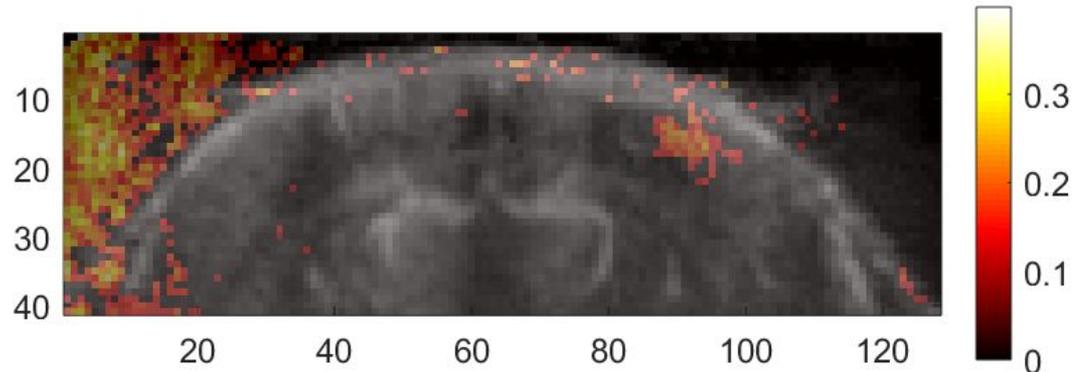


Análisis funcional de un estímulo

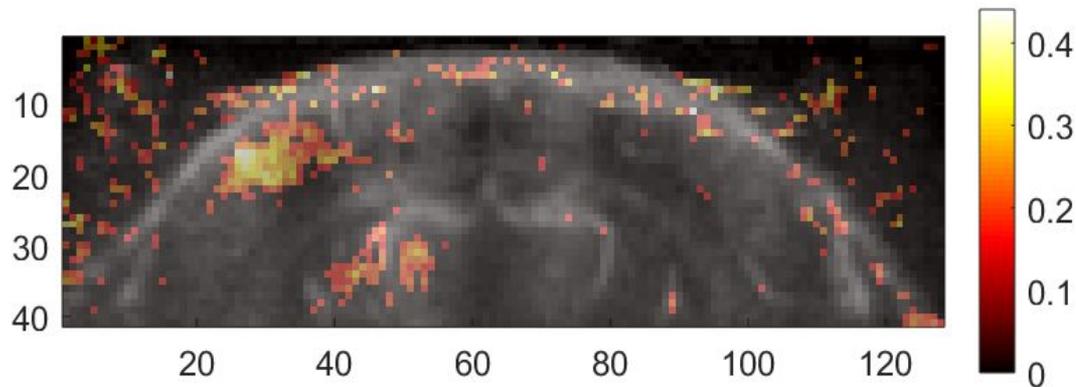


Análisis funcional de un estímulo

Estímulo bigotes
izquierdos



Estímulo bigotes
derechos



Conclusiones

- Desarrollo de un método robusto para estudiar comparativamente el flujo sanguíneo y las estructuras vasculares para distintos grupos de ratones.
- Posibilidad de estudiar los efectos del envejecimiento o enfermedades neurodegenerativas en la red vascular del cerebro.
- Método no invasivo de análisis funcional que permite estudiar la conectividad entre distintas regiones del cerebro.



Gracias

Q&A

